

Sentence Rearrangement

Sentence arrangement is an important part of English language section of bank exams. Basic trick that works for most of the questions is - Find pairs of related sentences. Once you find two pairs, you can easily answer the question.

TIPS FOR ARRANGEMENT OF SENTENCES

1. Try to understand the passage, if you can make out the meaning behind the passage, you will definitely get the correct order.
2. Create a pair of two sentences, i.e. if 6 sentences, then create 3 pairs each having 2 sentences.
3. Try to find out clues while making a pair, most of the time there are some connecting words that form a bridge between two sentences.
4. Once you identified the pairs, all you need to do is to reorder these pairs to form a meaningful passage.
5. Try to find out the pair that looks independent and place it as introduction, the pair that looks like a result as last.
6. Go through the arrangement and check the logical meaning of the pair and see if it conveys a meaning flow. If you think the sequence lacks logic, rearrange again till you start seeing some logic.

Let's understand through an example:

- A. Another of his start-ups was sold to Google.
- B. He founded the first company to sell virtual reality products.
- C. But, unlike most of his fellow technologists, he eventually came to feel that the rise of digital networks was no panacea.
- D. He was there, more or less, at its creation.
- E. Lanier has an unusual authority to criticize the digital economy.

It is clear that first sentence should be E because all other sentences referred to he or his whereas sentence E refers to a name which is a noun and generally the passage always starts with the Noun. The sentence E says that Lanier has an unusual to criticize the digital economy.

Now, let us try to find out the pair for this, we can see that D is the only sentence that makes pair with E, because sentence E saysLanier.....digital economy. Because he was there at his creation (D) the next pair would be B & A. B tells about his first company and A tells about his other start-ups.

So ED and BA are two pairs, so the final arrangement can be EDCBA or EDBAC. If you read both the orders carefully, you will find that EDBAC offers a better understanding.

Tips to Solve the Question Pertaining to Rearrangement of Passage:

- First and the foremost attempt should be made to find out the heading of the passage to be reorganised. This can be done by reading all the lines provided to the candidates in the examination.
- Then try to find the opening line of the paragraph from the options provided which should revolve around the heading/topic. This will make your work 50% easier as there is an old saying, "A good beginning is half the work done."
- Now try to find the concluding line from the lines given. If you arrive at the right conclusion that will bring you closer to the solution of the question.
- After finalising the opening line, and the concluding line – you may be left with three lines as this question is usually of five sentences.
- Judge the priority of these three lines on the priority basis – in the ascending order of priority.
- After rearranging the sentences, just have a reading whether the paragraph thus organised passes the test of continuity and sensibility.

Question Arrangement

Sentence arrangement is an important question type for bank exams. So today I am sharing strategies to solve these questions.

- Try to understand the tone of author
- Find the starting argument. In starting argument, author try to write about problem.
- Find concluding argument. In this argument, author gives his opinion about the problem.
- Try to relate two statements.